## **KC60**

See notes below on using the tables

## Number of new episodes of selected diagnoses† made by GUM clinics in Northern Ireland, April - June 2018

	Chlamydia	Gonorrhoea	Syphilis	Herpes	Warts	Total diagnoses#	Total workload#
М	229	174	*	49	194	1,300	6,059
F	163	38	*	85	150	1,001	3,614
% in MSM‡	31%	78%	75%	22%	8%		
Total	392	212	9	134	344	2,301	9,673

## Number of new episodes of selected diagnoses† made by GUM clinics in Northern Ireland, January - March 2018

	Chlamydia	Gonorrhoea	Syphilis	Herpes	Warts	Total diagnoses#	Total workload#
М	218	130	12	29	246	1,306	5,698
F	175	39	0	82	148	984	3,489
% in MSM‡	20%	70%	58%	7%	9%		
Total	393	169	12	111	394	2290	9187

Chlamydia - (KC60 codes) Uncomplicated chlamydia infection C4A, C4C, complicated chlamydia infection, C4B, SHHAPT code C4

Gonorrhoea - (KC60 codes) Uncomplicated gonorrhoea B1, B2 and gonococcal complications B5, SHHAPT code B

Syphilis - (KC60 codes) primary and secondary syphilis A1, A2

Herpes - (KC60 codes) anogenital herpes simplex (first attack) C10A

Warts - (KC60 codes) anogenital warts (first attack) C11A

#Total diagnoses - all diagnoses made, includes all A, B, C and E KC60 codes and additional SHHAPT codes

#Total workload - all workload not requiring a diagnoses, includes all D, P and S KC60 codes and new SHHAPT codes

‡"% in MSM' represents the proportion of the total male diagnoses attributed to men who have sex with men (MSM)

\*Data is confidential. Following recent ONS guidance on data disclosure, the rules on publication of STI data with small cell sizes have changed. Cells with a value between 1 and 4 will now be anonymised with an astrix. In addition, where the anonymised cell can be deduced from the totals, the next smallest cells will also be anonymised.