

KC60

See notes below on using the tables

Number of new episodes of selected diagnoses† made by GUM clinics in Northern Ireland, April - June 2015

	Chlamydia	Gonorrhoea	Syphilis	Herpes	Warts	Total diagnoses#	Total workload#
F	158	26	0	60	186	1,001	2,546
M	184	124	*	33	242	1,281	3,618
% in MSM‡	11%	64%	50%	15%	10%		
Total	342	150	*	93	428	2,282	6,164

Chlamydia - (KC60 codes) Uncomplicated chlamydial infection C4A, C4C, complicated chlamydial infection C4B, C4D, new SHHAPT code C4

Gonorrhoea - (KC60 codes) Uncomplicated gonorrhoea B1, B2, Gonococcal ophthalmia neonatorum B3 and gonococcal complications B5 and new SHHAPT code B

Syphilis - primary and secondary infectious syphilis, KC60 code A1, A2

Herpes - anogenital herpes simplex (first attack), KC60 code C10a

Warts - anogenital warts (first attack), KC60 code C11a

The computer system used in GUM clinics to record attendances is currently being updated and KC60 codes are being replaced with SHHAPT codes. Additional codes have been added and some codes are being re-classified and others removed. This will impact the Gonorrhoea and chlamydia diagnoses and also total diagnoses and total workload

#Total diagnoses - all diagnoses made, includes all A, B, C and E KC60 codes and additional SHHAPT codes

#Total workload - all workload not requiring a diagnoses, includes all D, P and S KC60 codes and new SHHAPT codes P2B, P2C, PNC and W codes

‡'% in MSM' represents the proportion of the total male diagnoses attributed to men who have sex with men (MSM)

*Data is confidential. Following recent ONS guidance on data disclosure, the rules on publication of STI data with small cell sizes have changed. Cells with a value between 1 and 4 will now be anonymised with an asterisk. In addition, where the anonymised cell can be deduced from the totals, the next smallest cells will also be anonymised.