

KC60

See notes below on using the tables

Number of new episodes of selected diagnoses† made by GUM clinics in Northern Ireland, April - June 2016

	Chlamydia	Gonorrhoea	Syphilis	Herpes	Warts	Total diagnoses#	Total workload#
M	245	109	14	50	292	1,585	4,151
F	199	30	0	63	179	1,115	2,721
% in MSM‡	21%	72%	86%	14%	11%		
Total	444	139	14	113	471	2,700	6,872

Number of new episodes of selected diagnoses† made by GUM clinics in Northern Ireland, January-June 2016

	Chlamydia	Gonorrhoea	Syphilis	Herpes	Warts	Total diagnoses#	Total workload#
M	477	210	19	73	557	2,990	8,210
F	413	65	*	138	343	2,255	5,647
% in MSM‡	19%	65%	84%	12%	9%		
Total	890	275	*	211	900	5,245	13,857

Chlamydia - (KC60 codes) Uncomplicated chlamydia infection C4A, C4C, complicated chlamydia infection, C4B, C4D, SHHAPT code C4

Gonorrhoea - (KC60 codes) Uncomplicated gonorrhoea B1, B2, Gonococcal ophthalmia neonatorum B3 and gonococcal complications B5, SHHAPT code B

Syphilis - (KC60 codes) primary and secondary syphilis A1, A2

Herpes - (KC60 codes) anogenital herpes simplex (first attack) C10A

Warts - (KC60 codes) anogenital warts (first attack) C11A

The computer system used in GUM clinics to record attendances is being updated, KC60 codes are being replaced with SHHAPT codes.

One clinic in Northern Ireland is using the new coding system.

Additional codes have been added and some codes are being re-classified and others removed. This will impact the gonorrhoea and chlamydia diagnoses, total workload and total diagnoses

This means that total diagnoses and total workload data is no longer comparable with previous years.

#Total diagnoses - all diagnoses made, includes all A, B, C and E KC60 codes and additional SHHAPT codes

#Total workload - all workload not requiring a diagnoses, includes all D, P and S KC60 codes and new SHHAPT codes P2B, P2C, PNC AND W codes

‡"% in MSM" represents the proportion of the total male diagnoses attributed to men who have sex with men (MSM)

*Data is confidential. Following recent ONS guidance on data disclosure, the rules on publication of STI data with small cell sizes have changed. Cells with a value between 1 and 4 will now be anonymised with an asterix. In addition, where the anonymised cell can be deduced from the totals, the next smallest cells will also be anonymised.