

CHILD SAFETY ALERT Signs of Eating and Drinking Difficulties



During or after eating and drinking watch me closely for the following:



Changes to my COLOUR E.g. if my skin turns red or blue Wet or "gurgly" VOICE







Changes to my BREATHING E.g. If I become "wheezy" or gasp for air; my breathing rate gets faster or slower



WEIGHT LOSS / DIFFICULTY PUTTING ON WEIGHT



Repeated or recurrent CHEST INFECTIONS: Especially if I have no other symptoms of a cold!



If you have any concerns about my eating, drinking or swallowing Please contact the Speech and Language Therapy Team

This work originated from the Speech and Language Therapy Team in South Eastern Trust

swallowing A guide for carers of people living with a dementia









I have difficulties eating, drinking or swallowing and might be at greater risk of choking.



Improving experience for customers with swallowing difficulties (dysphagia)

Top tips for hospitality

Some people have difficulty eating, drinking or swallowing. This is also known as 'dysphagia'. This can affect their quality of life as socialising in restaurants, cafes and pubs may be stressful, challenging and potentially unsafe.



Eating, drinking and swallowing difficulties can affect people with a range of medical conditions, including cancer, dementia, mental health conditions, Parkinson's and learning disabilities, and it can affect children, young people and adults. People who live with dysphagia are at higher risk of food or drink going into the airway, excessive coughing, chest infections and choking.

In the hospitality sector, you can play a vital role in improving quality of life for people who have eating, drinking and swallowing difficulties and we would like your help. When you customer has a good experience they will tell others and come back again!

Agency Agency

appetite or have lost weight without trying

FOOD FIRST ADVICE FOR COMMUNITY SETTINGS

Little and Often

Have a regular meal and snack routine - try not to miss or skip meals

Eat small, frequent meals and snacks, and take nourishing drinks in between meals

Have drinks separately from meals, as they can fill you up too quickly

Have a pudding once or twice a day

Snacks in between meals can help to boost your energy intake

Choose full fat/full cream foods instead of low fat / low sugar types eg. creamy yoghurts, whole milk

Add sugar, jam, honey, milk powder or cream to porridge, breakfast cereals or puddings

Use butter in sandwiches or with crackers or plain biscuits

Add butter, cream and/or grated cheeses to mashed potato, vegetables and pasta dishes

Nourishing Drinks

Milk is full of nutrition. Try to have 1 pint of milk each day

To make fortified milk add 4 tablespoons of milk powder to 1 pint of milk. This can be used on cereals, in sauces, to make custard and in drinks eg. Hot chocolate / Cocoa, Coffee / Cappuccinos, Malted drinks, Milkshakes / Smoothies

Powdered supplements such as Complan, Meritene Energis, Aymes Retail and Nurishment are available from most supermarkets and pharmacies and can be used between meals. They should not be used to replace meals.

Other Helpful Tips

If preparing food is difficult, try ready meals, a meal delivery service or ask friends and family for help in shopping, preparing and cooking meals.

Long life milk, tinned meat or fish, tinned / packet soups, baked beans, tinned fruit and vegetables, breakfast cereals, biscuits, crackers, tinned milk puddings, hot chocolate

Ideas for your freezer / icebox

Potato waffles, oven / microwave chips, fish fingers / cakes, breaded chicken / goujons, ready to cook burgers, ready meals

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WE WANT TO HEAR FROM YOU

Moving towards Normalised Visiting in Care Homes in Northern



As we continue to deal with the challenge of the COVI Pandemic in Northern Ireland it is recognised there is continually review visiting in Care Homes - balancing the need for families to spend quality time together.

We want to hear what matters to you in relation to move normalised visiting in and out of the Care Home.

You can access the survey at

https://bit.ly/3sG1ula

Or request a printed version by calling

02895 362869 or email 10000 more voices@

This project will close 9th April 2021. We want to know important you and what concerns you may have about and out of our Care Homes





Advice for staff supporting

People may have trouble with eat develop COVID-19

- The difficulties may present as increased
- When we eat and drink we need to be ab
- At the point of swallowing we automatical
- If a person has COVID-19 symptoms or g more difficulty coordinating breathing and
- This may increase the person's risk of asp
- Aspiration may increase the person's risk

When people are unwell during CC make it harder for them to eat an

- Coughing or shortness of breath
- Chest infections or nasal congestion

Hard to s

Difficulties eating, can have a huge implifie. Speak to your cone experience any or after swallowing

Chactinace with

Personal & Public Involvement Forum

Annual Report 2018/19



Personal and Public Involvement (PPI) Involving you, improving care





Pagination

- Page 1
- Next page >>

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