

C. difficile surveillance

Quarterly report

January – March 2016

Key points

- CDI reports for hospital inpatients aged 65 years and over decreased by 18% (from 77 to 63 episodes) during January - March 2016 compared to October - December 2015.
- CDI rate per 1,000 bed days decreased by 23% during January - March 2016 compared to October - December 2015.
- CDI reports for community patients aged 65 years and over increased by 2% (from 43 to 44 episodes) during January - March 2016 compared to October - December 2015.
- Total CDI reports, for hospital inpatients and community patients combined, aged two years and over, decreased by 15% during January - March 2016 compared to October - December 2015 (from 156 to 133 episodes).
- CDI reports for hospital inpatients aged 65 years and over increased by 2% between the 2014/15 and 2015/16 financial years.
- During January - March 2016 the most prevalent ribotypes for CDI inpatients are 078 (20%), 002 (10%) and 001 (7%) (Table 1) and in the community are 078 (26%), 002 (8%), 006 (8%), 014 (8%) and 015 (8%) (Table 2).

For further information or clarification on HCAI definitions, please refer to previous reports or contact hcaim@hscni.org

C.difficile surveillance quarterly reports 2016

C.difficile surveillance quarterly reports.

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Details

Format

A4 Pdf

Target group
Health Professionals

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Attachment	Size
CDI Report Q1 (WEB).pdf	597.9 KB
CDI Report Q2 (WEB).pdf	668.56 KB
CDI Report Q3 (WEB).pdf	662.6 KB
CDI Report Q4 (WEB).pdf	667.03 KB

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