Tigrinya translation of COVID-19 vaccination - Your guide to booster vaccination 12/21

English	Tigrinya
COVID-19 vaccine	ክታበት ኮቪድ-19
Your guide to booster vaccination	ብዛዕባ ናትኩም <b>መባራት</b> ዒ ክታበት ምውሳድ
People aged 18 years and over, health and social care workers and those aged 16 and 17 who are at risk are being offered a booster dose of coronavirus (COVID-19) vaccine.	ነቶም 18 ዓጮትን ልዕሊኡን ዝዕድሚኦም ሰባት፡ ሰራሕተኛታት ጥዕናን ማሕበራዊ ክንክንን ከምኡውን ንሓደ <i>ጋ</i> ዝተቓልዑ ካብ 16 ክሳብ 17 ዓጮት ዝዕድሚኦም ጮበራትዒ ክታበት ኮሮናቫይረስ (ኮቪድ-19) ይውሃብ ኣሎ።
What is coronavirus or COVID-19?	ኮሮናቫይረስ ወይ ኮቪድ-19 እንታይ ማለት እዩ፡
COVID-19 is a very infectious respiratory disease caused by the SARS-CoV-2 virus and is more serious in people over 40 years of age and those with certain health conditions.	ኮቪድ-19 ኣዝዩ ተላባዒ ናይ ስርዓተ ምስትንፋስ ሕማም ኮይኑ ብ SARS-CoV-2 ዝተባህለ ዓይነት ቫይረስ ዝለዓል ወይ ዝሙሓላለፍ፡ ከምኡ'ውን ኣብ'ቶም ልዕሊ 40 ዓሙት ዝዕድሚኦምን ካልኦት ናይ ጥዕና ጸንማት ዘለዎምን ሰባት ድማ ከቢድ ይኸውን።
Why are you being offered a COVID-19 booster?	ንስዥም ስለምንታይ ናይ ኮቪድ-19 ሞበራትዒ ክታበት ምውሳድ የድልየኩም፡
Like some other vaccines, levels of protection may begin to wane over time. The booster will help to reduce the risk of you needing admission to hospital due to COVID-19 infection this winter. Protection against severe disease from the first 2 doses seems to decline very slowly. Boosting your immunity should help to extend your protection into next year and give you longer term protection.	ከም ካልኦት ክታበታት፡ ደረጃ ብቕዓት ተጻዋርነትኩም ምስ ግዜ እናነከየ ክኸይድ ይኽእል። እዚ መበራትዒ መጠን ክታበት እዚ ነቶም ዝወሰድኩሞም ናይ መጀመርያ 2 መጠን ክታበታት ናይ ምክልኻል ግዜ ንኸናውሓልኩም ይሕግዝ። እዚ መበራትዒ ክታበት እዚ ብሰንኪ ሕማም ኮቪድ-19 ኣብዚ ወቕቲ ሓጋይ ናብ ሆስፒታል ካብ ምእታዊ የድሕነኩም።እቶም ክልተ ተኸታተልቲ ክታበታት ካብ ብርቱዕ ሕማም ናይ ምክልኻል ብቕዓቶም ቀስ ብቐስ እናተደኣኸመ ዝኸይድ ዘሎ ይመስል። ነዚ

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	ሞበራትዒ ክታበት ምውሳድ ድማ ነቲ ዘለኩም ናይ ሕማም ምክልኻል ብቕዓት ናብ ዝቕጵል ዘሎ ዓጦት ከም ዝቕጵል ይባብሮን ንንውሕ ዝበለ ማዜ ናይ ምክልኻል ብቕዓት ይህልወኩምን።
When should you have a booster?	መበራትዒ ክታበት ሙዓስ ኢዥም እትኽተቡ፤
The booster is being offered to those most vulnerable first and will then be rolled down to younger age groups. Your appointment should be at least 3 months from your last dose, but this may be later depending on your age group or level of risk. For more on this, visit www.nidirect.gov.uk/covid-vaccine	እዚ ናይ ሞበራትዒ ክታበት ብቐዳምነት ነቶም ኣብ ኣዝዩ ተኣፋፊ ኩነታት ጥዕና ዝርከቡ ዝወሃብ ኮይኑ ብድሕሪኡ ድማ ናብቶም ንኣሽቱ ሞንእሰያት ክወርድ እዩ። እቲ ዝወሃበኩም ቆጸራ ካብቲ ናይ ሞወዳእታ ሞጠን ክታበት ዝወሰድክሞሉ እንተደንጎየ ኣብ 3 ኣዋርሕ ክኸውን ኣለዎ፡ እንተኾነማን እዚ ጸኒሑ ኣብቲ ናትኩም ደረጃ ዕድሞ ዝርከቡ ሰባት ወይ ዘለኩም ናይ ሕማም ደረጃ ተቓላዕነት ዝተሞርኮሰ ክኸውን ይኽእል እዩ። ብዛዕባ እዚ ጉዳይ ተወሳኺ ሓበሬታ ንምርካብ ኣብዚ ዝስዕብ ነቝጣ ሞርበብ ሓበሬታ ብጽሑ፦ visit www.nidirect.gov.uk/covid-vaccine
Which vaccine will you be offered?	አየናይ ክታበት ኢ <b>፟</b> ዅም <i>እ</i> ትወሃቡ፥
You will be given a booster dose of either Pfizer or Moderna vaccine. Both vaccines boost well and have already been given to millions of people in the UK. Studies have shown that you only need a half dose of Moderna to boost the immune system well. This half dose of Moderna is expected to have low rate of side effects including	Pfizer ወይድማ Moderna ዝተባህሉ ዓይነት ሞበራትዒ ክታበት ክወሃበኩም እዩ። ክልቲኦም ክታበታት ጽቡቕ ይሕግዙን ንሚሊዮናት ሰባት ድማ ኣብ ዓዲ እንግሊዝ ኣቐዲሙ ተውዋሂቡ እዩ። እዞም

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myocarditis. See page 3 for more	አቐዲሞም <u>እ</u> ተኻየዱ
information.	ከምዘሞልክትዎ፡ ስርዓተ ምክልኻል ሕማም ናይ
	ኣካላትና ብዝማባእ ንኽሕይል ፍርቂ ዶዝ/ዓቐን
	ናይ Moderna/ሞደርና ክንወስድ ጥራይ እዩ
	ዘድልየና። ፍርቂ ዶዝ/ዓቐን ናይ
	Moderna/ሞደርና ምውሳድ ዝተሓተ
	<i>ኈ</i> ድናዊ ሳዕቤናት ዘስዕብ
	<i>ንነድሪ ጭ</i> ዋዳታት ልቢ ብዝምልከት። ዝያዳ
	ሓበሬ <i>ታ ን</i> ምርካብ ኣብ <i>าጽ-3 ን</i> ሞልከት።
You will be offered the right vaccine for	ንስዥም
you which may be the same or different	ዝሰማምዓኩም ዓይነት ክታበት ከምቲ
from the vaccines that you had before.	አቐዲምኩም ዝወሰድኩሞ ዓይነት ክ <i>ታ</i> በት ወይ
	ካልእ ዓይነት ክታበት ክትወስዱ ኢኹም።
Common side effects	ል <b></b> ማዳት <i>ጎ</i> ድናዊ ሳዕቤናት
As with your previous dose the common	ከምቲ ናይ ቅድሚ ሕጇ ዝወሰድኩሞ ሞጠን
side effects are the same for all COVID-19	ክታበት እቶም ዝረኣዩ ልሙዳት <i>ጎ</i> ድናዊ ሳዕቤናት
vaccines used in the UK, and include:	አብ ኩሎም  ናይ ኮቪድ-19 ክታበታት ዝርኣዩ
	ኣብ ዓዲ እንግሊዝ ሓደ ዓይነት ኮይኖም፡ ነዞም
	ዝስዕቡ ድማ የጠቓልሉ፦
having a painful, heavy feeling and tenderness in the arm where you had your injection. This tends to be worst around 1 to 2 days after the vaccine	<ul> <li>ኣብታ ክታበት ዝወሰድክሙላ ኢድኩም ኣቐንዛውን ከቢድን ስምዒት፡ ከምኡ'ውን ናይ ምንቅስቓስ ጸንምን ይህልወኩም። እዚ ድሕሪ ክታበት ካብ 1 ክሳብ 2</li></ul>
	እመባ ነ ሴቼ መ
feeling tired	• ስምዒት ድኻም

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 general aches, or mild flu like symptoms ሓፈሻዊ ቃንዛታት፡ ወይ ፈኲስ ናይ
 ጉንፋዕ ዝጦስሉ ምልክታት

You can rest and take paracetamol (follow the dose advice in the packaging) to help make you feel better. Although feeling feverish is not uncommon for 2 to 3 days, a high temperature is unusual and may indicate you have COVID-19 or another infection.

Although a fever can occur within a day or 2 of vaccination, if you have any other COVID-19 symptoms or your fever lasts longer, stay at home and arrange to have a test. Symptoms following vaccination normally last less than a week. If your symptoms seem to get worse or if you are concerned, contact your GP.

ውላእሷ ኣብ ማዜ ክታበት ንሓደ ወይ ክልተ ሞዓልታት ረስኒ ዝርአ እንተኾነ፡ ዝኾኑ ካልኦት ናይ ኮቪድ-19 ምልክታት ወይ እቲ ዘለኩም ረስኒ ንንውሕ ዝበለ ማዜ ምስ ዝጸንሕ ኣብ ንዛዥም ብምኻን ሞርሞራ ንኽማበረልኩም ሞደብ ሓዙ። ምልክታት ሕማም ድሕሪ ክታበት፡ ሞብዛሕቲኡ ማዜ ንትሕቲ ሓደ ሰሙን ጥራይ ይጸንሑ። እቶም ዘለዉዥም ምልክታት ሕማም እናበርትዑ ምስ ዝኸዱ ወይ ዘሰክፍዥም ምስ ዝኾኑ፡ ናብ ሃንራዊ ኣንልግሎት ጥዕና ቁጵሪ 111 ደዉሉ።

You can also report suspected side effects of vaccines and medicines through the Yellow Card scheme. You can do this online by searching Coronavirus Yellow Card or by downloading the Yellow Card app.

	ብዝምልከት ብኽብረትኩም ኣብ <i>ገጽ</i> 2 ተመልከቱ)።
If you had serious side effects after any previous dose you may be advised to avoid or delay further vaccination. You should discuss this with your doctor or specialist.	ቅድሚ ሕጂ ኣብ ዝወሰድኩሞ ክታበት፡ ድሕሪኡ ከቢድ ሳድናዊ ሳዕቤን ኣጋጢሙኩም እንተነይሩ፡ ካልእ ክታበት ከተወግዱ ወይ ደንጕኾም ክትወስዱ ትምከሩ፡፡ ብዛዕባ እዚ ጉዳይ ምስ ሓኪምኩም ወይ ፍሉይ ክኢላ ሕክምና ክትዘራረቡሉ ኣለኩም፡፡
Serious side effects	ከበድቲ
Worldwide, there have also been recent, very rare cases of inflammation of the heart called myocarditis or pericarditis reported after Pfizer and Moderna COVID-19 vaccines.	ብደረጃ ዓለም፡ ኣብ ቀረባ እዋን፡ ኣብ ኣዝዮም ውሑዳት ኣጋጣሚታት ነድሪ ጭዋዳታት ልቢ (myocarditis) ወይ ነድሪ ሽፋን ልቢ (pericarditis) ድሕሪ Pfizer ከምኡውን Moderna ዝተባህሉ ክታበታት ናይ ኮቪድ-19 ምኽታብ ኣጋጢሞም።
These cases have been seen mostly in younger men within several days after vaccination. Most of these people recovered and felt better following rest and simple treatments.	እዘም ተርእዮታት እዚኦም ኣውራ ኣብቶም ንኣሽቱ መንእሰያት ደቂ ተባዕትዮ ድሕሪ ብዙሕ መዓልታት ካብቲ ክታበት ዝወሰድሉ ግዜ ዘጋጠሙ ንዳያት እዮም። ዝበዝሑ ካብዞም ሰባት እዚኦም ቀልጢፎም ዝሓውዩ ኮይኖም ከምኡውን ምስ ኣዕረፉን ቅልል ዝበለ ሕክምናዊ ክንክን ምስ ተንብረሎምን ኩነታት ጥዕንኦም ተማሓይሹ።
You should seek medical advice urgently if, after vaccination, you experience:	ድሕሪ ምኽታብኩም <b>እ</b> ዞም ዝስዕቡ ምልክታት ምስ ዝሀልውዥም ቅል <b>ሑፍ</b> ሕክምናዊ ሓንዝ ክትደልዩ ኣለኩም፦
chest pain	• ቃንዛ ኣፍልቢ

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shortness of breath	• ሕጽረት እስትንፋስ፡ ቃንዛ ኣፍልቢ፡ ሕበጥ እማሪ
<ul> <li>feelings of having a fast-beating, fluttering, or pounding heart</li> </ul>	• ስምዒት ቅልጡፍ ሀርሞት ልቢ፡
Is there anyone who shouldn't have a booster?	ሙበራትዒ ክታበት ክወስድ ዘይማብኦ ሰብ ኣሎ'ዶ፣
There are very few people who should not have a booster.	ሞበራትዒ ክታበት ክወስዱ ዘይግብኦም ኣዝዮም ዉሑዳት ሰባት ኣለዉ።
If you have had a severe reaction to a previous dose of the vaccine you should discuss this with your doctor.	እቲ ኣቐዲምኩም ዝወሰድኩሞ ሞጠን ክታበት ኣብ ኣካላትኩም ብርቱዕ ነድሪ ቁጥ0 ኣካላት ኣስዒቡልኩም እንተነይሩ፡ ነዚ ብዝምልከት ምስ ሓኪምኩም ተዘራረቡ።
Can you still catch COVID-19 after having the vaccine?	ኮቪድ-19 ካብቲ ክታበታት ክሕዘኒ ይኽጰል'ዶ፥
The COVID-19 vaccination will reduce the chance of you suffering from COVID-19 disease. It may take a few days for your body to build up some protection from the booster.	ክታበት ኮቪድ-19፡ ነቲ ብሕማም ኮቪድ-19 ንኽትሳቐዩ ዘለኩም ዕድላት ይንክዮ እዩ። አካላትኩም ካብዚ መበራትዒ ክታበት ናይ ምክልኻል ብቕዓት ከጥሪ ንለ ቁሩብ መዓልታት ክወስደሉ ይኽእል።
Like all medicines, no vaccine is completely effective – some people may still get COVID-19 despite having a vaccination, but this should be less severe.	ከም ኩሎም
If you have not had the first vaccinations	ነቲ ቀዳማይ ክታበት ዘይወሰድኩም ምስ እትኾኦ
If you have not yet had either of your first 2 doses of the vaccine you should have them as soon as possible.	ንስዥም ክሳብ ሕጂ ሓዲኤን ካብተን ቀዳሞት 2 ተኻታተልቲ ሞጠን ክታበታት ዘይወሰድኩም

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	ምስ
	<u> </u>
When can you have your booster if	አውንታዊ ውጽ <b>ኢት ናይ ሕ</b> ማም ኮቪድ-19
you've had a COVID-19 positive test result?	ምስ ዝሀልወኩም እቲ
resuit?	<b>ማዓስ ክትወስድዎ ይ</b> ማበኣኩም፧
Variable at the contact but and	
You will still need the booster but you should wait at least 4 weeks from your	ኣብዚ ማዜ እዚ
COVID-19 infection.	የድልየኩም እዩ፡ እንተኾነማን ካብቲ ሕማም
	ኮቪድ-19 ዝተለኽፍክሙሉ
	ን 4 ሰሙናት ክትጵበዩ ኣለኩም።
Further information	ተወሳኺ ሓበሬታ
Visit coronavirus vaccination www.nidirect.gov.uk/covid-vaccine	ነዚ ብዝምልከት ኣብዚ ናይ ኮሮናቫይረስ ክታበት ነቝጣ
	www.nidirect.gov.uk/covid-vaccine
See the PHA leaflet on what to expect	ድሕሪ ክታበት ምውሳድኩም እንታይ ክትጵበዩ
after vaccination, which is available to download at	ከምዘለኩም ናብቲ
www.pha.site/COVID19InfoMaterials	ክፍሊ ጥዕና ነቝጣ
······································	ብምጽዓን ኣብዚ ተወከሱ
	www.pha.site/COVID19InfoMaterials
Please read the product information leaflet for more details on your vaccine, including possible side effects, by searching Coronavirus Yellow Card. You can also report suspected side effects on the same website or by downloading the Yellow Card app.	ብኽብረትኩም ብዛዕባ ክታበታትኩም፡ ነዚ ናይ ፍርያት ወረቐት ሓበሬታ ተወከሱ እንተላይ ንኸጋጥሙ ዝኽእሉ ጎድናዊ ሳዕቤናት፡ ናይ ኮሮናቫይረስ ብጫ ካርድ (Yellow Card) ፈትሹ። ከምኡ'ውን ናይ ዝተጠርጠሩ ጎድናዊ ሳዕቤን ናብቲ ሙርበብ ሓበሬታ ወይ ነቲ ብጫ
	ካርድ

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https://coronavirus-yellowcard.mhra.gov.uk	ተውሳኺ ሓበሬታ ኣብ https://coronavirus- yellowcard.mhra.gov.uk
You can read the information for UK recipients of the Pfizer and Moderna vaccines here:	ነዚ ብዝምልከት ነቲ ናይ 'ዓዲ እንግሊዝ ክታበት Pfizer ክወስዱ ናይ ዝግብኦም ዝብል ሓበሬታ፡ ከተንብቡ ትኽእሉ፦
https://coronavirus- yellowcard.mhra.gov.uk/productinformation	https://coronavirus- yellowcard.mhra.gov.uk/productinformation
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