Tigrinya translation of COVID-19 vaccine - Your guide to booster vaccination

English	Tigrinya
COVID-19 vaccine	ክታበት ኮቪድ-19
Your guide to booster vaccination	ብዛዕባ ናትኩም መባራት ዒ ክታበት ምውሳድ
People aged 16 years and over, and those aged 12 years and over who are at risk (including health and social care workers) will be offered a booster dose of coronavirus (COVID-19) vaccine. Find out how to get your booster vaccination at www.nidirect.gov.uk/covid-vaccine	ሕቶም 16 ዓመትን ልዕሊኡን ዝዕድሚኦም፡ ከምኡ'ውን ሕቶም ካብ 12 ዓመት ንላዕሊ ዝዕድሚኦም እሞ ናብ ሓደ <i>ጋ</i> ዝተቓልዑ (እንተላይ ሰብ-ሞያ ጥዕናን ሰራሕተኛታት ማሕበራዊ ክንክንን) ሰባት፡ ናይ ኮሮናቫይረስ (COVID-19) መባራትዒ ክታበት ዝዀነ ተወሳኺ ዓቐን ክወስዱ እዮም። ናብ www.nidirect.gov.uk/covid-vaccine ብምእታው ከመይ ኔርኩም ነዚ መባራትዒ ክታበት ክትወስድዎ ከምእትኽእሉ ተመልከቱ።
What is coronavirus or COVID-19?	ኮሮናቫይረስ ወይ ኮቪድ-19 እን ታይ ማለት እዩ፡
COVID-19 is a very infectious respiratory disease caused by the SARS-CoV-2 virus and is more serious in older people and those with certain health conditions.	ኮቪድ-19 ኣዝዩ ተላባዒ ናይ ስርዓተ ምስትንፋስ ሕማም ኮይኑ ብ SARS-CoV-2 ዝተባህለ ዓይነት ቫይረስ ዝለዓል ወይ ዝሙሓላለፍ፡ ከምኡ'ውን ኣብ'ቶም ብዕድሙ ዝደፍኡን ካልኦት ናይ ጥዕና ጸንማት ዘለዎምን ሰባት ድማ ከቢድ ይኸውን።
Why are you being offered a COVID-19 booster?	ንስዥም ስለምንታይ ናይ ኮቪድ-19 ሞበራትዒ ክታበት ምውሳድ የድልየኩም፣
Like some other vaccines, levels of protection may begin to wane over time. The booster will help to reduce the risk of you needing admission to hospital due to COVID-19 infection this winter. Protection against severe disease from the first 2 doses seems to decline very slowly.	ከም ካልኦት ክታበታት፡ ደረጃ ብቅዓት ተጻዋርነትኩም ምስ ግዜ እናነከየ ክኸይድ ይኽእል። እዚ መበራትዒ መጠን ክታበት እዚ ነቶም ዝወሰድኩሞም ናይ መጀመርያ 2 መጠን ክታበታት ናይ ምክልኻል ግዜ ንኸናውሓልኩም ይሕግዝ። እዚ መበራትዒ ክታበት እዚ ብሰንኪ

Boosting your immunity should help to extend your protection into next year and give you longer term protection.

ሕማም ኮቪድ-19 ኣብዚ ወቅቲ ሓ*ጋ*ይ ናብ ሆስፒታል ካብ ምእታዊ የድሕነኩም።እቶም ክልተ ተኸታተልቲ ክታበታት ካብ ብርቱዕ ሕማም ናይ ምክልኻል ብቕዓቶም ቀስ ብቐስ እናተደኣኸሞ ዝኸይድ ዘሎ ይሞስል። ነዚ ሞበራትዒ ክታበት ምውሳድ ድማ ነቲ ዘለኩም ናይ ሕማም ምክልኻል ብቕዓት ናብ ዝቅጵል ዘሎ ዓሞት ከም ዝቅጵል ይንብሮን ንንውሕ ዝበለ ግዜ ናይ ምክልኻል ብቕዓት ይህልወኩምን።

When should you have a booster?

Your appointment should be at least 3 months from your last dose, but you may be called later based on your age group or level of risk.

ሞበራትዒ ክታበት <mark>ሞ</mark>ዓስ ኢኹም **እትኽ**ተቡ፤

You should not attend a vaccine appointment if you are self-isolating or waiting for a COVID-19 test. If you've had COVID-19, you will still need your booster but wait at least 4 weeks after your positive test (or 12 weeks if you are under 18 with no underlying health conditions).

ርእስዥም ኣማሊልኩም ኣብ እትህልዉሉ ወይ ውጽኢት ሞርሞራ ናይ ኮቪድ-19 ክትፈልጡ ትጽበዩ ኣብ እትህልዉሉ እዋን ናብ ናይ ክታበት ቈጸራ ክትሞጹ ኣይማባእን። ብኮቪድ-19 ተታሒዝኩም እንተኔርኩም እውን ነዚ ሞባራትዒ ክትበት እዚ ክትወስድዎ ከድልየኩም እዩ። ይዥን እምበር ውጽኢት ሞርሞራሹም እወታዊ ምዃኑ ካብ ዝፈለጥኩሞሉ እዋን እንተወሓደ ን 4 ሰሞናት ክትጽበዩ ከድልየኩም እዩ (ወይ ድማ ን 12 ሰሞናት፤ ማለት ዕድሜሹም ትሕቲ 18 ዓሞት ኰይኑ ዝዀነ ይኹን ናይ ጥዕና ጸንም ምስዘይህልወኩም)።

Which vaccine will you be offered?	ኣየናይ ክታበት ኢኹም እትወሃቡ፡
You will be given a booster dose of either Pfizer or Moderna vaccine*. Both vaccines boost well and have already been given to millions of people in the UK.	Pfizer ወይድማ Moderna ዝተባህሉ ዓይነት መበራትዒ ክታበት* ክወሃበኩም እዩ። ክልቲኦም ክታበታት ጽቡቕ ይሕግዙን ንሚሊዮናት ሰባት ድማ ኣብ ዓዲ እንግሊዝ
Studies have shown those aged 18 and over who can get the Moderna vaccine only need a half dose to boost the immune system well. This half dose of Moderna is expected to have a low rate of side effects including myocarditis. See page 3 for more information.	大 中 4 中 4 中 4 中 4 中 4 中 4 中 4 中 4 中 4 中
You will be offered the right vaccine for you which may be the same or different from the vaccines that you had before.	ንስዥም እቲ ንዓዥም ብቒዕ ዝኾነ ዝሰማምዓኩም ዓይነት ክታበት ከምቲ ኣቐዲምኩም ዝወሰድኩሞ ዓይነት ክታበት ወይ ካልእ ዓይነት ክታበት ክትወስዱ ኢዥም።
*You may be offered the AstraZeneca vaccine if this is what you had for your first doses and you cannot receive either of the other vaccines.	*ኣብ ዝቐደሙ ክታበታትኩም ዝወሰድኩሞ ከምኡ ዓይነት ከምኡ እንተነይሩ፡ ክታበት ኣስትራዘንካ/AstraZeneca ክወሃበኩም ተኽእሎ ኣሎ። ዝዀነ ይዥን ኻልእ ዓይነት ክታበት ክወሃበኩም ዝከኣል ኣይኰነን።
Common side effects	ል ማዳት <i>ጎ</i> ድናዊ ሳዕቤናት
As with your previous dose the common side effects are the same for all COVID-19 vaccines used in the UK, and include:	ከምቲ ናይ ቅድሚ ሕጂ ዝወሰድኩሞ

	ኣብ ዓዲ እንግሊዝ ሓደ ዓይነት ኮይኖም፡ ነዞም ዝስዕቡ ድማ የጠቓልሉ፦
having a painful, heavy feeling and tenderness in the arm where you had your injection. This tends to be worst around 1 to 2 days after the vaccine	• ኣብታ ክታበት ዝወሰድክሙላ ኢድኩም ኣቐንዛውን ከቢድን ስምዒት፡ ከምኡ'ውን ናይ ምንቅስቓስ ጸንምን ይህልወኩም። እዚ ድሕሪ ክታበት ካብ 1 ክሳብ 2 ሙዓልቲ ዝበርት0 ኮይኑ ክጸንሕ ይኽእል።
feeling tired	• ስምዒት ድኻም
headache	• ቃንዛ ርእሲ
general aches, or mild flu like symptoms	 ሓፈሻዊ ቃንዛታት፡ ወይ ፈኲስ ናይ ጉንፋዕ ዝጦስሉ ምልክታት
You can rest and take paracetamol (follow the dose advice in the packaging) to help make you feel better. Although feeling feverish is not uncommon for 2 to 3 days, a high temperature is unusual and may indicate you have COVID-19 or another infection.	ማቡእ ዝኾነ ዓቐን
Although a fever can occur within a day or 2 of vaccination, if you have any other COVID-19 symptoms or your fever lasts longer, stay at home and arrange to have a test. Symptoms following vaccination normally last less than a week. If your	ወላእሷ ኣብ ማዜ ክታበት ንሓደ ወይ ክልተ

symptoms seem to get worse or if you are concerned, contact your GP.	መብዛሕቲኡ
You can also report suspected side effects of vaccines and medicines through the Yellow Card scheme. You can do this online by searching Coronavirus Yellow Card or by downloading the Yellow Card app.	ብተወሳኺ ነቶም እትጥርጥርዎም ጎድናዊ ሳዕቤናት ናይ ክታበት ከምኡውን መድሃኒታት በቲ ብጫ መሕበሪ ካርድ ኣቢልኩም ጸብጻብ ከተቅርቡ ትኽእሉ ኢዥም። ነዚ ኣብ ቀጥታዊ መስመር ናይ ኢንተርነት ብጫ ካርድ ናይ ኮሮናቫይረ ብምፍታሽ ወይ ነቲ ናይ ብጫ ካርድ መመልከቲ ብምጽዓን ክትንብርዎ ትኽእሉ (ነዚ ብዝምልከት ብኽብረትኩም ኣብ ንጽ 2 ተመልከቱ)።
Please see the back of the leaflet for more details.	ተወሳኺ ዝርዝራዊ ሓበሬታ ንምርካብ፡ ብኽብረትኩም ኣብ ዳሕረዋይ ንጽ ናይ'ዚ በራሪ ጽሑፍ እዚ ተመልከቱ።
If you had serious side effects after any previous dose you may be advised to avoid or delay further vaccination. You should discuss this with your doctor or specialist.	ቅድሚ ሕጂ ኣብ ዝወሰድኩሞ ክታበት፡ ድሕሪኡ ከቢድ ሳድናዊ ሳዕቤን ኣጋጢሙኩም እንተነይሩ፡ ካልእ ክታበት ከተወግዱ ወይ ደንጕኾም ክትወስዱ ትምከሩ፡፡ ብዛዕባ እዚ ጉዳይ ምስ ሓኪምኩም ወይ ፍሉይ ክኢላ ሕክምና ክትዘራረቡሉ ኣለኩም፡፡
Serious side effects	ከበድቲ
Worldwide, there have also been recent, very rare cases of inflammation of the heart called myocarditis or pericarditis reported after Pfizer and Moderna COVID-19 vaccines.	ብደረጃ ዓለም፡ ኣብ ቀረባ እዋን፡ ኣብ ኣዝዮም ውሑዓት ኣጋጣሚታት ነድሪ ጭዋዳታት ልቢ (myocarditis) ወይ ነድሪ ሽፋን ልቢ (pericarditis) ድሕሪ Pfizer ከምኡውን

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	Moderna ዝተባህሉ ክታበታት ናይ ኮቪድ-19 ምኽታብ ኣ <i>ጋ</i> ጢሞም።
These cases have been seen mostly in younger men within several days after vaccination. Most of these people recovered and felt better following rest and simple treatments.	እተም ተርእዮታት እዚኦም ኣውራ ኣብቶም ንኣሽቱ
You should seek medical advice urgently if, after vaccination, you experience:	ድሕሪ ምኽታብኩም እዞም ዝስዕቡ ምልክታት ምስ ዝሀልውኹም ቅልጡፍ ሕክምናዊ ሓንዝ ክትደልዩ ኣለኩም፦
chest pain	• ቃንዛ ኣፍልቢ
shortness of breath	• ሕጽረት እስትንፋስ፡ ቃንዛ ኣፍልቢ፡ ሕበጥ እማሪ
 feelings of having a fast-beating, fluttering, or pounding heart 	• ስምዒት ቅልጡፍ ሀርሞት ልቢ፡
Is there anyone who shouldn't have a booster?	መበራት ዒ ክታበት ክወስድ ዘይ ማብኦ ሰብ ኣሎ'ዶ፥
There are very few people who should not have a booster.	ሞበራትዒ ክታበት ክወስዱ ዘይግብኦም ኣዝዮም ዉሑዳት ሰባት ኣለዉ።
If you have had a severe reaction to a previous dose of the vaccine you should discuss this with your doctor.	እቲ ኣቐዲምኩም ዝወሰድኩሞ ሞጠን ክታበት ኣብ ኣካላትኩም ብርቱዕ ነድሪ ቁጥዐ ኣካላት ኣስዒቡልኩም እንተነይሩ፡ ነዚ ብዝምልከት ምስ ሓኪምኩም ተዘራረቡ።

Tigrinya translation of COVID-19 vaccine - Your guide to booster vaccination

Can you still catch COVID-19 after having the vaccine?	ኮቪድ-19 ካብቲ ክታበታት ክሕዘኒ ይኽእል'ዶ፡
The COVID-19 vaccination will reduce the chance of you suffering from COVID-19 disease. It may take a few days for your body to build up some protection from the booster.	ክታበት ኮቪድ-19፡ ነቲ ብሕማም ኮቪድ-19 ንኽትሳቐዩ ዘለኩም ዕድላት ይንክዮ እዩ። ኣካላትኩም ካብዚ መበራትዒ ክታበት ናይ ምክልኻል ብቕዓት ከጥሪ <i>ገ</i> ለ ቁሩብ መዓልታት ክወስደሉ ይኽእል።
Like all medicines, no vaccine is completely effective – some people may still get COVID-19 despite having a vaccination, but this should be less severe.	ከም ኩሎም
If you have not had the first vaccinations	ነቲ ቀዳማይ ክታበት ዘይወሰድኩም ምስ እትኾኦ
If you have not yet had either of your first 2 doses of the vaccine you should have them as soon as possible.	ንስዥም ክሳብ ሕጂ ሓዲኤን ካብተን ቀዳሞት 2 ተኻታተልቲ
Further information	ተወሳኺ ሓበሬታ
Visit coronavirus vaccination www.nidirect.gov.uk/covid-vaccine	ነዚ ብዝምልከት ኣብዚ ናይ ኮሮናቫይረስ ክታበት ነቝጥ ጦርበብ ሓበሬታ ብጽሑ www.nidirect.gov.uk/covid-vaccine
See the PHA leaflet on what to expect after vaccination, which is available to download at www.pha.site/COVID19InfoMaterials	ድሕሪ ክታበት ምውሳድኩም እንታይ ክትጵበዩ ከምዘለኩም ናብቲ መሐበሪ ወረቐት ሓለፊ ክፍሊ ጥዕና ነቝጣ መርበብ ሓበሬታ ዝርከበሉ ብምጽዓን ኣብዚ ተወከሱ www.pha.site/COVID19InfoMaterials
Please read the product information leaflet for more details on your vaccine, including possible side effects, by searching	ብኽብረትኩም ብዛዕባ ክታበታትኩም፡ ነዚ ናይ ፍርያት ወረቐት ሓበሬታ ተወከሱ እንተላይ

Coronavirus Yellow Card. You can also report suspected side effects on the same website or by downloading the Yellow Card app.	ንኸ ንጥሙ ዝኽ እሉ ጎድናዊ ሳዕቤናት፡ ናይ ኮሮናቫይረስ ብጫ ካርድ (Yellow Card) ፈትሹ። ከምኡ'ውን ናይ ዝተጠርጠሩ ጎድናዊ ሳዕቤን ናብቲ ጦርበብ ሓበሬታ ወይ ነቲ ብጫ ካርድ ጦመልከቲ ብምውራድ ጸብጻብ ክትህቡ ትኽእሉ።
https://coronavirus-yellowcard.mhra.gov.uk	ተውሳኺ ሓበሬታ ኣብ https://coronavirus- yellowcard.mhra.gov.uk
You can read the information for UK recipients of the Pfizer and Moderna vaccines here:	ነዚ ብዝምልከት ነቲ ናይ 'ዓዲ እንግሊዝ ክታበት Pfizer ክወስዱ ናይ ዝግብኦም ዝብል ሓበሬታ፡ ከተንብቡ ትኽእሉ፦
https://coronavirus- yellowcard.mhra.gov.uk/productinformation	https://coronavirus- yellowcard.mhra.gov.uk/productinformation
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