English	Somali
What to expect after your child's COVID-19 vaccination	Waxa aad filan karto kadib marka uu ilmahaaga qaato tallaalka cudurka COVID-19
A guide for parents of children aged 5 to 11 years of age	Hage loogu talagalay waalidiinta leh carruur da'doodu u dhaxayso 5 illaa 11 sano
Find out more at nidirect.gov.uk/covid-vaccine The health service is offering the COVID-19 vaccine to all eligible children.	Wax badan ka ogow nidirect.gov.uk/covid-vaccine Adeegga caafimaadku wuxuu tallaalka korona-fayras (COVID- 19) siinayaa dhamaan carruurta u qalanta tallaalka.
This leaflet tells you what to expect after your child has had their vaccination.	Buug-yarahaan wuxuu wax kaaga sheegayaa waxa la filan karo kadib marka uu ilmahaaga qaato tallaalka.
Side effects Like all medicines, vaccines can cause side effects. Most of these are mild and short term and not all children get them. The very common side effects should only last a day or two. The Pfizer vaccine tends to cause more side effects after the second dose of the vaccine.	Waxyeellooyinka gaarka ah Si la mid ah dhamaan dawooyinka kale, tallaalku wuxuu keeni karaa waxyeelooyin gaar ah. Waxyeellooyinkaan gaarka ah badankood waa kuwo fudud oo waqti gaaban qaata, oo dhamaan carruurtuna kuma dhacaan. Waxyeellooyinka gaarka ah ee caamka ah waana inay ahaadaan kuwo socda keliya maalin ama laba maalmood. Tallaalka Pfizer wuxuu u badan yahay inuu keeno waxyeellooyin gaar ah kadib qaadashada qiyaasta labaad.
Very common side effects in the first day or two include: • having a painful, heavy feeling	Waxyeellooyinka gaarka ee aadka caadiga u ah maalinta ama labada maalmood ee ugu horeeya waxaa ka mid ah: • xanuun culays iyo damgasho
- naving a painful, neavy leeling	 xanuun, culays iyo damqasho

1.4 1 1 11	
and tenderness in the arm	ay ka dareemaan meesha laga
where they had their injection	durey/mudey • daal la dareemo
feeling tired	
 headache, aches and chills 	 madax xanuun, xanuun jirka ah iyo qarqaryo
They may also have flu like	Waxay sidoo kale yeelan
symptoms with episodes of shivering	karaanastaamo u eg kuwo ifilada oo
and shaking for a day or two.	leh gariir iyo qarqaryo ilaa maalin
However, a high temperature could	ama laba maalmood ah. Si kastaba
also indicate that they have COVID-	ha noqotee, heerkul sareeya ayaa
19 or another infection.	sidoo kale muujin kara inay qabaan
	COVID-19 ama caabuq kale.
They should rest. You can give them	Waa inay nastaan. Waxaad siin
paracetamol to help make them feel	kartaa barastimool si uu uga
better. Please check that the dose	caawiyo inay dareemaan caafimaad.
and type of paracetamol is correct	Fadlan hubi in qiyaasta iyo nooca
for their age.	barastimoolka ay sax u yihiin da'da
	ilmaha.
You can find more information on	Waxaad macluumaad dheeraad ah
paracetamol here	oo ku saabsan barastamoolka loogu
www.nhs.uk/medicines/paracetamol-	talagalay carruurta ka heli kartaa
<u>for-children</u>	halkaan
	www.nhs.uk/medicines/paracetamol-
	<u>for-children</u>
An uncommon side effect is swollen	Waxyeello aan caadi ahayn waa
glands in the armpit or neck on the	bararida qanjirada kilkilaha ama
same side as the arm as they had	luqunta ee ay isku dhinaca yihiin
the vaccine. This can last for around	cududda ay ka qaateen tallaalka.
10 days, but if it lasts longer see	Tani waxay socon kartaa ilaa 10
your doctor.	maalmood, laakiin haddii ay sii
	dheeraato u tag dhakhtarkaaga.
What to do if you are concerned	Maxaa la sameeyaa haddii aad ka
about their symptoms	welwelsan tahay astaamahooda
These symptoms normally last less	Astaamahan waxay caadi ahaan
than a week. If their symptoms seem	socdaan in ka yar hal toddobaad.
to get worse or if you are concerned,	Haddii astaamahooda cudurka ay u
you can call their GP (family doctor)	muuqdaan in ay ka sii darayaan
or Out of Hours service. If you do	ama haddii aad walaac qabto, wac
seek advice from a doctor or nurse,	dhakhtarkooda guud (Dhakhtarka
make sure you tell them about their	qoyska) ama adeegga Saacadaha
vaccination (show them the vaccination card) so that they can	Aanan la shaqaynin. Haddii aad talo ka raadsato dhakhtar ama
assess your child properly. You can also report suspected side effects of	kalkaaliye, xaqiiji inaad u sheegto tallaalkooda (tus kaarka tallaalka) si
vaccines and medicines online	
vaccines and medicines online	ay markaas si habboon qiimeyn ugu

through the Yellow Card scheme at https://coronavirus-yellowcard.mhra.gov.uk or by downloading the Yellow Card app.	sameeyaan ilmahaaga. Waxaad sidoo kale si onlayn ah uga warbixin kartaa wixii waxyeello ah oo laga shakiyo ee ka yimaada tallaalka iyo daawooyinka adigoo isticmaalaya websaydka Yellow Card https://coronavirus-yellowcard.mhra.gov.uk ama adigoo soo degsanaya ablikeeshinka Yellow Card.
Are there other more serious side effects?	Ma jiraan waxyeelooyin kale oo ka sii daran?
Recently, cases of inflammation of the heart (called myocarditis or pericarditis) have been reported very rarely after the adult dose of COVID- 19 vaccines.	Dhowaan, kiisaska caabuqa wadnaha (oo loo yaqaanno "myocarditis" oo ah caabuqa murqaha wadnaha ama "pericarditis" oo ah caabuqa lakabyada wadnaha) ayaa si dhif ah loo soo sheegay kadib qaadashada doosaska dadka waaweyn ee tallaallada COVID-19.
These cases have been seen mostly in younger men within a few days after vaccination. Most of these people recovered quickly and felt better following rest and simple treatments.	Kiisaskan ayaa inta badan lagu arkay ragga da'da yar dhawr maalmood gudahooda kadib qaadashada tallaalka. Dadkaan intooda badan waxay u soo bogsadeen si degdeg ah oo waxay dareemeen caafimaad kadib nasasho iyo daaweyn fudud.
You should seek medical advice urgently from your GP or Emergency Department if your child experiences:	Waa inaad si degdeg ah talo caafimaad uga raadsato GP-gaaga ama Waaxda Xaaladaha Degdegga haddii ilmahaaga uu la kulmo:
chest painshortness of breath	laab xanuunneefta oo yaraata/neeftuurid
 feelings of having a fast- beating, fluttering, or pounding heart 	Dareemida wad garaac degdeg ah, gariirida, ama boodboodka wadnaha
Can your child catch COVID-19 from the vaccine?	Ilmahaagu COVID-19 ma ka qaadi karaa tallaalka?
Your child cannot catch COVID-19 from the vaccine but it is possible to have caught COVID-19 and not realise that they have the symptoms until after their vaccination appointment.	Ilmahaagu COVID-19 kama qaadi karo tallaalka laakiin waxaa suurtogal ah inuu hore u soo qabay COVID-19 isla markaana aanan la ogaan inuu qabo astaamaha ilaa laga gaaro kadib ballanta

	qaadashada tallaalka.
The most important symptoms of	Astaamaha ugu muhiimsan ee
COVID-19 are recent onset of any of	COVID-19 waa bilawga mid ka mid
the following:	ah kuwan soo socda:
a new continuous cough	 qufac cusub oo joogto ah
a high temperature	heerkul sareeya
a loss of, or change in, their	luminta, ama isbeddelka,
normal sense of taste or smell	dareenkooda caadiga ah ee
(anosmia)	wax dhadhaminta ama wax
,	urinta (anosmia)
Although a fever can occur within a	In kasta oo qandho ay ku dhici karto
day or two of vaccination, if your	maalin ama laba maalmood
child has any other COVID-19	gudahooda kadib qaadashada
symptoms or their fever lasts longer,	tallaalka, haddii ilmahaagu la kulmo
stay at home and arrange to have a	astaamo kale oo COVID-19 ah ama
test.	qandhadooda ay sii dheeraato,
	guriga la joog oo u qorsheey in lagu
	sameeyo baaritaan.
What to do next	Maxaa xiga oo la sameeyaa
After your child's vaccination, you	Kadib qaadashada tallaalka ee
should be given a record card. If	ilmahaaga, waa in lagu siiyaa
your child needs a second dose their	kaarka diiwaanka. Haddii ilmahaagu
next appointment will be in about 8	u baahan yahay qaadashada
to 12 weeks' time. The second dose	qiyaas/doos labaad, ballantooda
will give them longer lasting	xigta waxay noqon doontaa qiyaastii
protection.	8 ilaa 12 toddobaad gudahood.
	Qiyaasta labaad waxay siin doontaa
Manayana ahildia manayan and anta If	difaac waara oo dheer.
Keep your child's record card safe. If	Xafid kaarka diiwaanka ilmahaaga.
your child needs a second dose,	Haddii ilmahaagu u baahan yahay
don't forget to keep your next	qaadashada qiyaas/doos labaad, ha ilaawin inaad ilaaliso ballantaada
appointment.	_
If your child is not well for	xigta. Haddii ilmahaagu uu xanuunsan
their appointment	yahay xilliga ballantooda
If your child is unwell, it is better to	Haddii ilmahaagu aanu caafimaad
wait until they have recovered to	qabin, waxa fiican inaad sugto ilaa
have their vaccine.	ay ka bogsanayaan si ay u qaataan
	tallaalkooda.
Your child should not attend a	Ilmahaagu waa inaanu imaan
vaccine appointment if they are self-	ballanta qaadashada tallaalka haddii
isolating or waiting for a COVID-19	ay is karantiilayaan ama ay
test. Ideally you should wait 12	sugayaan natiijada baaritaanka
weeks after your child has had a	COVID-19. Sida ugu fiican waa
positive COVID-19 test or at least	inaad sugtaa 12 toddobaad kadib

4 weeks if your child is at higher risk.	marka ilmahaaga baaritaan looga helay COVID-19 ama ugu yaraan 4 toddobaad haddii ilmahaagu halis sare ku jiro.
Will the vaccine protect your child?	Tallaalku ma difaaci doonaa ilmahaaga?
The COVID-19 vaccine that your child has had has been shown to reduce the chance of them suffering from COVID-19 disease. Millions of doses of the vaccine have been given worldwide. The vaccine is highly effective in children and young people.	Tallaalka COVID-19 ee ilmahaaga uu qaatay ayaa la muujiyey inuu yareeyo fursadda ay ku qaadi karaan cudurka COVID-19. Malaayiin qiyaasood/doos oo tallaalka ah ayaa lagu bixiyey adduunka oo dhan. Tallaalka aad buu waxtar ugu leeyahay carruurta iyo dhallinyarada.
It may take a few weeks for your child's body to build up some protection from the vaccine. Like all medicines, no vaccine is completely effective, so you should continue to take recommended precautions to avoid your child picking up the infection.	Waxa laga yaabaa inay qaadato dhawr toddobaad si jirka ilmahaaga uu xoogaa difaac ah uga samaysto tallaalka. Si la mid ah dhamaan dawooyinka, ma jiro talaal si dhammaystiran waxtar u leh, markaa waa inaad sii waddaa ku dhaqmida taxaddarrada lagu taliyey si aad uga fogaato in ilmahaaga uu qaado caabuqa.
Some children may still get COVID- 19 despite having a vaccination, but this should be less severe.	Carruurta qaarkood ayaa laga yaabaa inay weli qaadaan COVID- 19 iyagoo xitaa qaatay laakiin wuxuu noqonayaa mid aan aad u darnayn.
What your child can do after they've had the vaccine	Waxa uu ilmahaagu samayn karo kadib qaadashada tallaalka
The vaccine cannot give your child COVID-19 infection, and it will reduce their chance of becoming ill.	Tallaalka ilmahaaga kuma ridi karo caabuqa COVID-19, wuxuuna ka yaraynayaa fursadda ay ula xanuunsan karaan caabuqa.
It is still important to continue to follow current national guidance. Your child can continue going to school, after they have had the vaccine.	Wali waa muhiim in la sii wado ku dhaqanka tilmaamaha qaranka ee hadda jira. Ilmahaagu wuu sii wadan karaa inuu aado dugsiga, kadib marka la tallaalo.
To protect yourself and your family, friends and colleagues, you must still: • think about social distancing	Si aad u ilaaliso naftaada iyo qoyskaaga, saaxiibadaada iyo asxaabtaada, waa inaad wali: • ka fakartaa kala fogaanshaha
- think about social distancing	bulshada

 wear a face covering where advised 	 xirataa maaskarada wajiga hadba meeshii lagula taliyay
wash your hands carefully and	Si taxadar leh oo joogto ah u
frequently	dhaqdaa gacmahaaga
open windows to let in fresh air	furtaa dariishadaha si ay hawo
open windows to let in hesir an	cusub u soo gasho
follow the current guidance	raac tilmaamaha hadda jira
www.nidirect.gov.uk/coronavir	www.nidirect.gov.uk/coronavir
US	US
How COVID-19 is spread	Sida COVID-19 uu u faafo
COVID-19 is spread through	COVID-19 wuxuu ku faafaa dhibco
droplets breathed out from the nose	ka soo baxa sanka ama afka, gaar
or mouth, particularly when speaking	ahaan marka qofka uu hadlayo ama
or coughing. It can also be picked up	qufacayo. Waxaa sidoo kale laga
by touching your eyes, nose and	qaadi karaa taabashada
mouth after contact with	indhahaaga, sankaaga iyo afkaaga
contaminated objects and surfaces.	kadib markaad soo taabato walxaha
,	iyo sagxadaha wasakhaysan.
Further information	Macluumaad dheeraad ah
Please read the product information	Fadlan akhriso buug-yaraha
leaflet for more details on the	macluumaadka tallaalka si aad u
vaccine, including possible side	hesho tafaasiil dheeraad ah oo ku
effects, on the Coronavirus	saabsan tallaalkaaga,
Yellow Card website.	macluumaadkaas oo ay ku jiraan
	waxyeellooyinka suurtagalka ah,
	buug-yerahaas oo laga helayo
	websaydhka Coronavirus Yellow
Variable and all a second and a side	Card.
You can also report suspected side	Waxaad ka warbixin kartaa wixii
effects on the same website or by	waxyeello ah oo laga shakiyo adigoo
downloading the Yellow Card app. Further information is available from	isticmaalaya websaydka ama adigoo soo degsanaya ablikeeshinka
www.nidirect.gov.uk/covid-vaccine	Yellow Card Wixii macluumaad
www.manect.gov.uk/covia-vaccine	dheeraad ah waxaa laga heli
	karaawww.nidirect.gov.uk/covid-
	vaccine
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visit the PHA website	buug-yarahaan iyo
www.publichealth.hscni.net	macluumaadkaan oo u qoran
-	qaabab kale booqo websaydhka

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