Developments in Early Intervention in Northern Ireland.

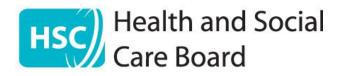
Presentation to Early Years Interventions Conference 31st May 2011.

Fionnuala McAndrew, Director, Social Care and Children Health and Social Care Board Health and Social Care Board

HS

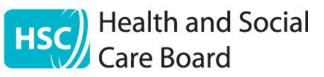
Early Intervention in Context

- The value of early Intervention is increasingly recognised internationally, within the UK and in NI
- Early intervention = intervention at an early age and at an early stage of difficulties
- Early intervention requires a coordinated approach, if it to work for families, communities and make best use of scarce resources.

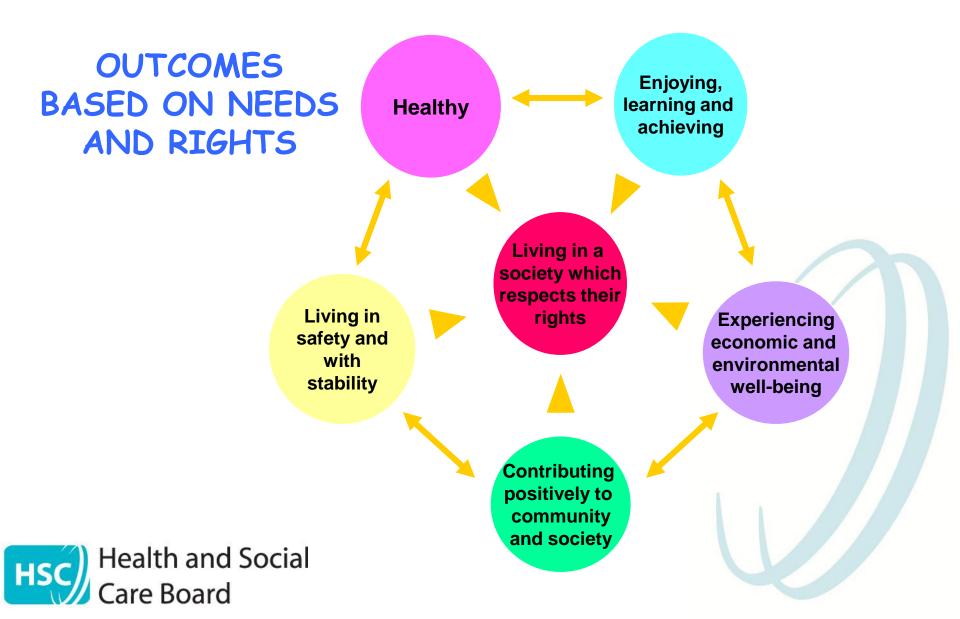


A Shared vision – Outcomes for children

a strategy for children and young people, which includes six high level outcomes, which make sense to representatives across a wide range of agencies.



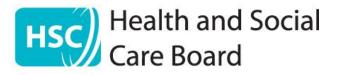




Families Matter

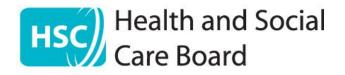
"Family Support is defined as the provision of a range of supports and services to ensure that all children and young people are given the opportunity to develop to their full potential. It aims to support their development primarily by supporting and empowering families and strengthening communities. Its focus is on early intervention, ensuring that appropriate assistance is available to families at the earliest opportunity at all levels of need"

Families Matter: Supporting Families in Northern Ireland (DHSS&PS 2009)



Article 18 UNCRC

 "For the purpose of guaranteeing and promoting the rights set forth in the present convention, State parties shall render appropriate assistance to parents and legal guardians in the performance of their child rearing responsibilities and shall ensure the development of institutions, facilities and services for the care of children"





Northern Ireland Family Support Model

Children in Need

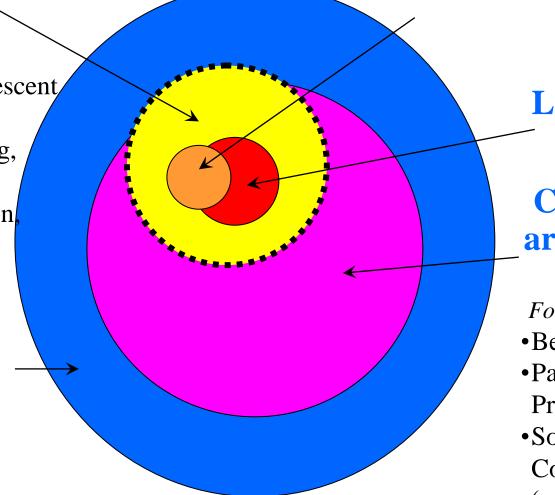
Children on Child Protection Register

Including:

- •Disability,
- •Child and Adolescent Mental Health,
- •Youth Offending,
- •Homelessness,
- •School Exclusion
- •Care Leavers

Total Population

of Children and Young People



Children Looked After

Children who are Vulnerable

For example:

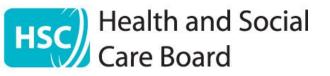
- •Behaviour Support,
- •Parenting Support Programmes,
- •Social Excluded Communities (e.g. Travellers)

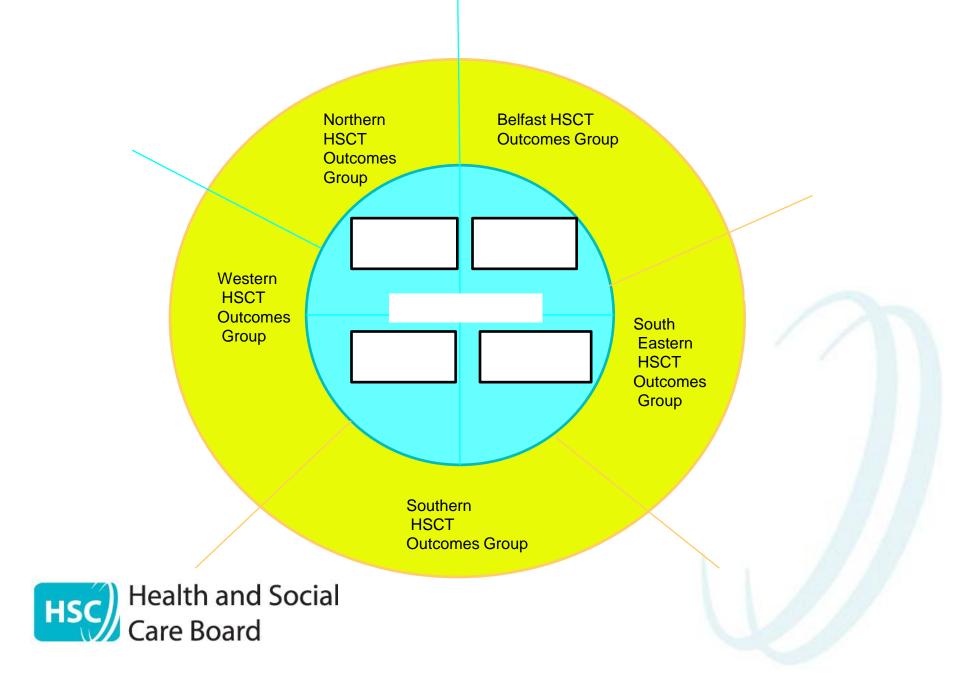
We have information on Outcomes -

• We have information.....



- Related to Government outcomes for children and young people.
- We have built in <u>rights</u> to the indicators as well as needs.

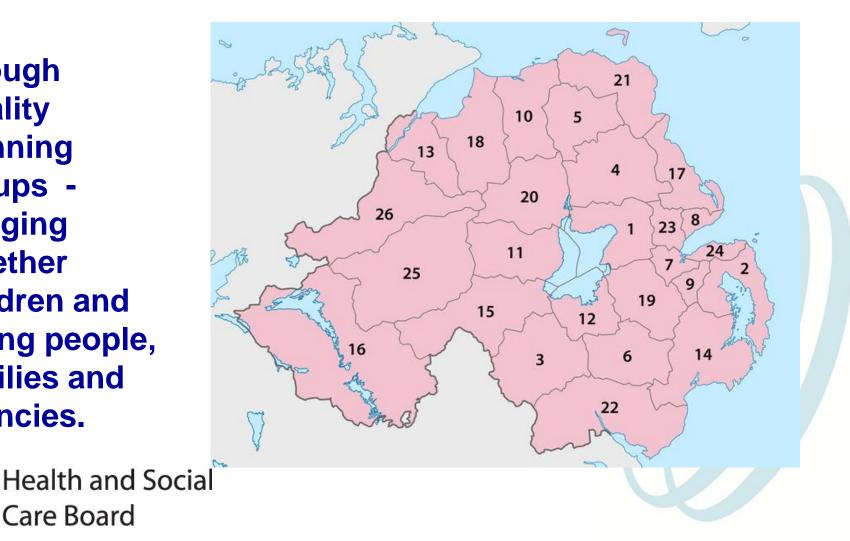




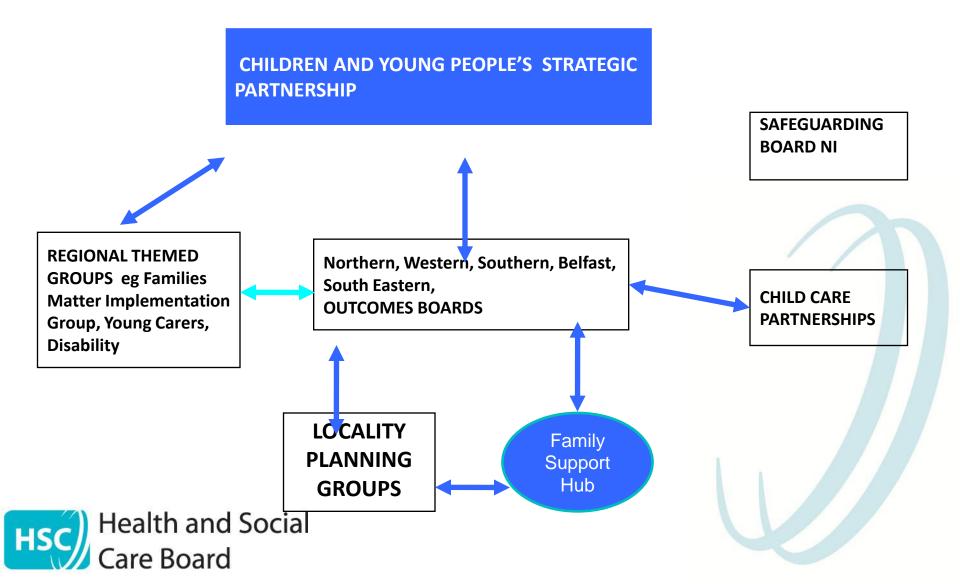
Integrated planning and commissioning – led by **Children and Young People's Strategic** Partnership at Northern Ireland level - and

through locality planning groups bringing together children and young people, families and agencies.

Care Board

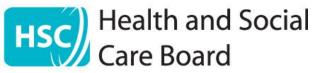


Structures and Links



Purpose of Locality planning

- To improve outcomes for children and young people and families in an area by:
- Establishing a local partnership
- Building on existing social networks
- Developing community ownership
- Listening to children young people and families and
- Developing services to meet their needs



Who – partnership statutory voluntary and community family support service providers

Parents Community Children and young people workers/leaders -Choices SureStart 0-4 Adolescent (10+) **Range of professionals** Council/ local politicians Early Intervention for the Social Work **Prevention of offending 8-11 Homestart** Education Health (home visiting) **Youth Services** head teacher nurse manager Womens Aid (DA) **PSNI Youth Justice**

What is Needed to make Locality Planning Work Well

Communities bring;-

- Commitment
- Ownership
- Passion
- Local knowledge
- Opportunity to achieve early intervention
- Effective involvement of children young people and families
- Bottom up



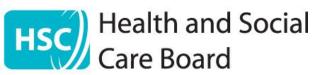
Outcomes analysis + local knowledge + input children/young people •LOCAL PLAN linked to Children and Young People's Plan setting out service development and actions Agencies bring;-

- Support to meet and plan
- Tools -Outcomes based model – indicators
- Family support model
- Whole Child model
- Strategic influence
- Top down support
- Family Support Database
- Funding



FROM CO-ORDINATION OF PLANNING EFFORTS

CO-ORDINATION OF INDIVIDUAL FAMILY NEEDS

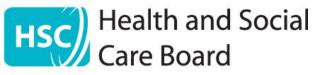




TO

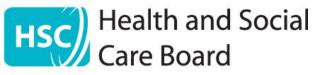
What is a Family Support Hub

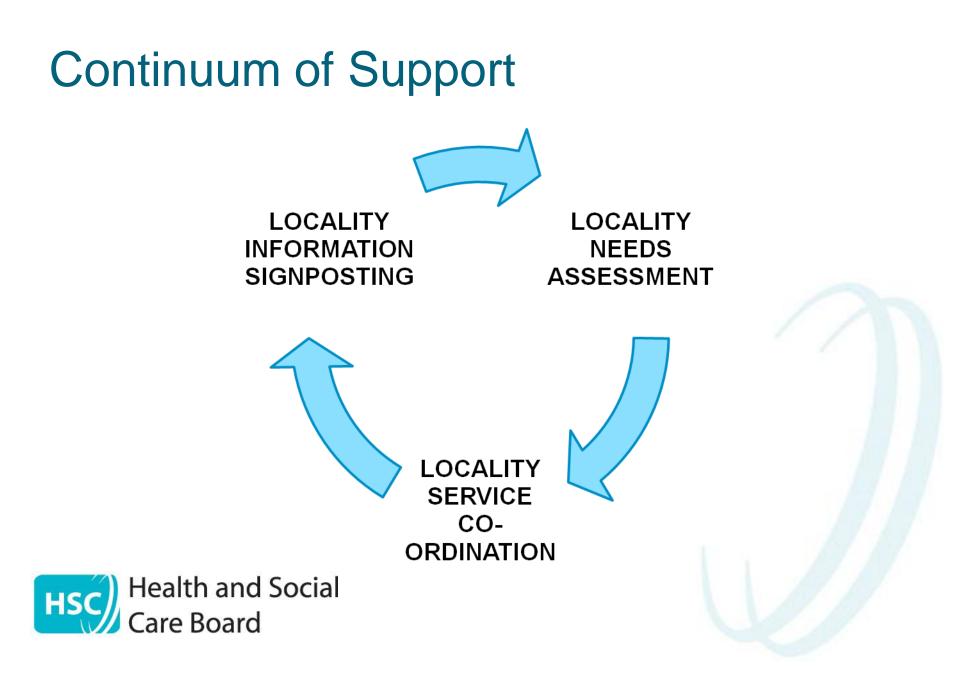
- A network of agencies (voluntary/community and statutory) who work directly with parents and children in a local area
- Engages with families who do not meet the threshold for statutory social work support
- Aims to avoid duplication and improve coordination of service delivery to individual families
- Draws on expertise of voluntary and community organisations
- Develop clear links with statutory social services to manage child protection concerns



What Hubs will do

- Provide early intervention family support services to vulnerable families and children aged 0-18
- Type of services depends on what is available in local area
- Signpost families to other services (using Family Support Database)







Get included

in the

Directory!



are board





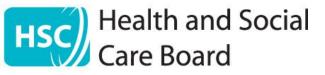
Department of Health, Social Services and Public Safety www.dhsspsni.gov.uk

> Health and Social Care www.hscni.net

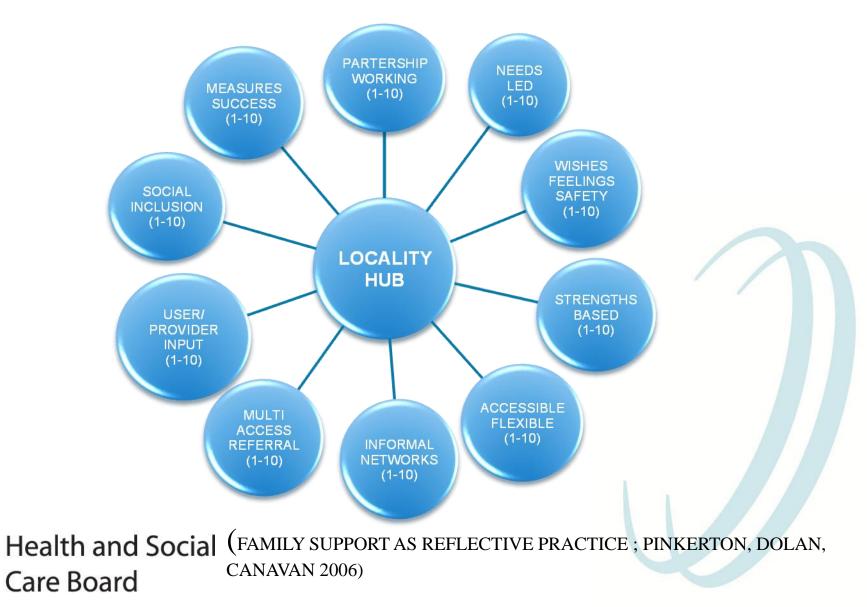


Key Messages

- Early years and early stage
- Planning universal and targeted services together – through a process which builds on agency and community strengths at all levels
- Focus on what works support <u>nearest</u> the family – Family Support Hubs.



Evaluating Family Support



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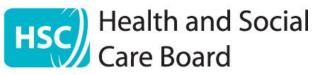
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